Safety Data Sheet Antioxidant 3114

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Antioxidant 3114

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Unsuitable for use: This material is not intended for use in products for which prolonged contact with mucous membranes, body fluids or abraded skin, or implantation within the human body, is specifically intended, unless the finished product has been tested in accordance with nationally and internationally applicable safety testing requirements. Because of the wide range of such potential uses, we are not able to recommend this material as safe and effective for such uses and assume no liability for such uses. Recommended use*: stabilizer

* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<u>Company:</u> DONGGUAN BAOXU CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY LTD Caijing Business Bldg Dongguan CN 523071 523000, China

Telephone: +86 769 22821082

Emergency telephone number

Other means of identificationSynonyms:1,3,5Tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzyl)-1,3,5-triazine-
2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Combustible Dust

Combustible Dust (1) Combustible Dust

Label elements

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statement:

May form combustible dust concentration in air.

Hazards not otherwise classified

The product is under certain conditions capable of dust explosion.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

This product does not contain any components classified as hazardous under the referenced regulation.

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

If on skin:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open.

If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If swallowed:

Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Immediate medical attention required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11. Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<u>Note to physician</u> Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: dry powder, foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: carbon dioxide

Additional information: Avoid whirling up the material/product because of the danger of dust explosion.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

no

Hazards during fire-fighting: harmful vapours Evolution of fumes/fog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting: Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Dusty conditions may ignite explosively in the presence of an ignition source causing flash fire.

Impact Sensitivity:

Assessment:

6. Accidental release measures

Further accidental release measures:

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Avoid the formation and build-up of dust - danger of dust explosion. Dust in sufficient concentration can result in an explosive mixture in air. Handle to minimize dusting and eliminate open flame and other sources of ignition.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Use personal protective clothing.

Environmental precautions

Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Nonsparking tools should be used.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Breathing must be protected when large quantities are decanted without local exhaust ventilation.

Closed containers should only be opened in well-ventilated areas. Avoid dust formation. Do not use any sparking tools.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Avoid dust formation. Dust in sufficient concentration can result in an explosive mixture in air. Handle to minimize dusting and eliminate open flame and other sources of ignition. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids (2013 Edition) for safe handling.

Dust explosion class: Dust explosion class 2 (Kst-value 200 up to 300 bar m s-1).

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No applicable information available.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed and dry; store in a cool place.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

No occupational exposure limits known.

Advice on system design:

It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Breathing protection if breathable aerosols/dust are formed. Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator.

Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Hand protection:

Wear chemical resistant protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protecting boots, chemical-protection suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust).

General safety and hygiene measures: Wear protective clothing as necessary to minimize contact. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Odour: Odour threshold: Colour: pH value: Melting temperature:	powder odourless No applicable information available. white not applicable 220 °C	(capilliary tube
Deilieseeist	n et een liech le	method)
Boiling point: Sublimation point: Flash point: Flammability:	not applicable No applicable information available. not applicable, the product is a solid not highly flammable	(Regulation 440/2008/EC, A.10)
Lower explosion limit:	For solids not relevant for classification and labelling.	440/2000/EC, A.10)
Upper explosion limit:	For solids not relevant for classification and labelling.	
Autoignition: Vapour pressure:	380 °C < 0.00001 Pa	(calculated)
vapour pressure.	(25 °C)	(calculated)
Density:	1,130 g/cm3 (20 °C)	(pyknometer)
Relative density: Bulk density:	No applicable information available. 530 - 630 g/l	
Vapour density:	No applicable information available.	
Partitioning coefficient n- octanol/water (log Pow): Self-ignition temperature:	> 10 (25 °C) not self-igniting	(calculated)
	not self-igniting	(Directive 92/69/EEC, A.16)
Thermal decomposition:	> 350 °C	
Viscosity, dynamic: Viscosity, kinematic:	No applicable information available. No applicable information available.	
Particle size:	D50 22.4 µm	(134001)
% volatiles:	0.5 %	()
Solubility in water:	< 1 mg/l (20 °C)	
Solubility (quantitative):	4.2 g/l (25 °C) 232 g/l (25 °C)	
Solubility (qualitative):	No applicable information available.	
Molar mass:	784.09 g/mol	
Evaporation rate: Other Information:	The product is a non-volatile solid. If necessary, information on other physic parameters is indicated in this section.	ical and chemical

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals: Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties: not fire-propagating

Dust explosivity characteristics: Kst: 290 m.bar/s Revaluation 2015

Dust explosion class:Second class:<t

Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product may contain explosive fine dust or such dust may be produced by abrasion during transport or product transfer.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid dust formation. Avoid deposition of dust. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid electro-static charge.

Incompatible materials

strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products: Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition: > 350 °C

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

<u>Oral</u> Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (male/female) Value: > 5,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)

Inhalation No data available.

Dermal Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (male/female) Value: > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402) No mortality was observed.

Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single: Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

Irritation / corrosion Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to eyes and skin.

<u>Skin</u> Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant Method: OECD Guideline 404

<u>Eve</u> Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant Method: OECD Guideline 405

Sensitization Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Guinea pig maximization test Species: guinea pig Result: Non-sensitizing. Method: OECD Guideline 406

Aspiration Hazard not applicable

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No adverse effects were observed after repeated oral exposure in animal studies.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with bacteria and mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

None of the components in this product at concentrations greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC; NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Repeated oral uptake of the substance did not cause damage to the reproductive organs.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: No indications of a developmental toxic / teratogenic effect were seen in animal studies.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11. Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

There is a high probability that the product is not acutely harmful to aquatic organisms. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (OECD 203; ISO 7346; 84/449/EEC, C.1, static) Limit concentration test only (LIMIT test). No toxic effects occur within the range of solubility. Nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested.

Aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (24 h) > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static) The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested. Nominal concentration.

<u>Aquatic plants</u> EC50 (72 h) > 100 mg/l (biomass), Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, static) Nominal concentration. No effects at the highest test concentration.

No observed effect concentration (72 h) > 100 mg/l (biomass), Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, static) Nominal concentration. No effects at the highest test concentration.

Chronic toxicity to fish No data available.

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No observed effect concentration (21 d) > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211, semistatic)

Nominal concentration. No toxic effects occur within the range of solubility.

<u>Assessment of terrestrial toxicity</u> No data available concerning terrestrial toxicity.

Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge

<u>Toxicity to microorganisms</u> OECD Guideline 209 static activated sludge, domestic/EC50 (3 h): > 100 mg/l Nominal concentration. No toxic effects occur within the range of solubility.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O) Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria). Poorly biodegradable.

Elimination information

< 10 % CO2 formation relative to the theoretical value (28 d) (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, C.4-C) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted)

<u>Assessment of stability in water</u> Study does not need to be conducted. Study technically not feasible.

Bioaccumulative potential

<u>Assessment bioaccumulation potential</u> Significant accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

<u>Bioaccumulation potential</u> Bioconcentration factor: < 10

Mobility in soil

<u>Assessment transport between environmental compartments</u> Adsorption to solid soil phase is expected.

Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice: Do not discharge product into the environment without control.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations.

Container disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA:

Not a hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261).

14. Transport Information

Land transport

USDOT Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations Sea transport IMDG Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations Air transport IATA/ICAO Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:ChemicalTSCA, USreleased / listed

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories):

Fire (Combustible Dust);

NFPA Hazard codes: Health : 1 Fire: 2 Reactivity: 0 Special:

HMIS III ratingHealth:1Flammability:1Physical hazard:0

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by: SDS Prepared on: 2017/01/27